- Large rectilinear fields defined by drystone walling
- Dominant use of stone for building
- Woodland of planned character—trrrf nnedr.

The key factors that define this landscape are its topography, its large scale and open character and the estate like influence of large regular fields, plantations and belts of trees. The undulating form of the plateau is emphasised by the openness and long distance views. This is a landscape formerly associated with extensive sheep walks, although much of the permanent pasture has now been lost to arable uses.

It is a landscape that was probably cleared of its tree cover by Roman times, and with its favoured light and easily cultivated soils, has been farmed ever since, with little opportunity for the natural re-establishment of woodland, except along the steeper valleys. The tree cover today comprises plantation woodlands and tree belts, the shape of which emphasise the regular pattern of fields. It is an area of intensive agriculture with settlement tending to be confined to 6967StF06178686SoF066678j79SoF06175J36617j796SnFj1788j7S-F8I--'TJ t06371576'0 d 868187 bs/ssssy61j77168'TL186837Sr 1tSgF618683] TJ t771j6'TLtT/[ SsF789SnF0518766S 868181 ds,c071563j3SnF051876653SeFjSnF051876653S F03157837SlF08163366SiF81836jSmF06165988SeF51

- Upstanding rolling plateau, capped with oolitic limestone
- Thin, stony soils with characteristic orange colouring

## Landscape Type Information Sheet Limestone Estatelands

| The essential scale and spaciousness of these landscapes could become frag- |
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